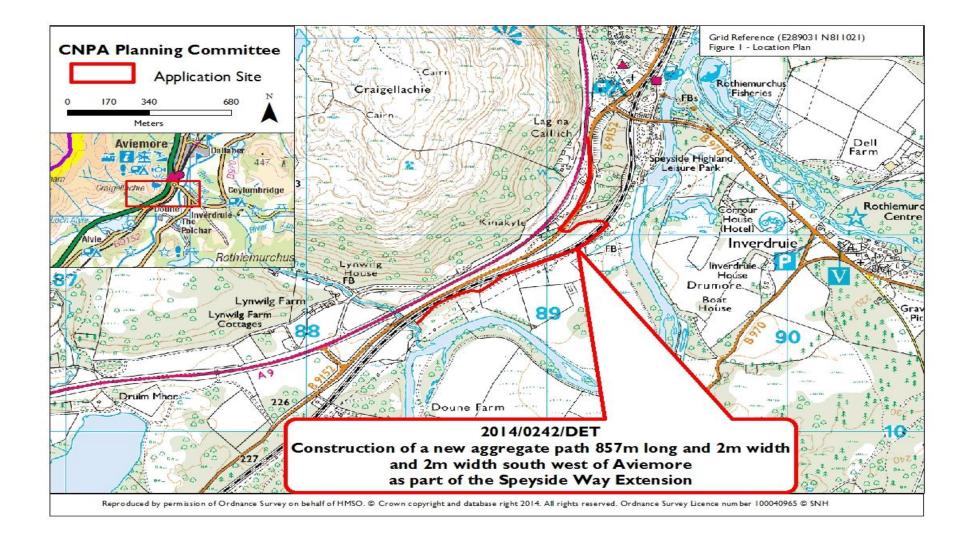
CAIRNGORMS NATIONAL PARK AUTHORITY

Title:	REPORT ON CALLED-IN PLANNING APPLICATION		
Prepared by:	JANE SHEPHERD PLANNING MANAGER (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT)		
DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED:		Construct a new aggregate path 857m long and 2m width south west of Aviemore as part of the Speyside Way application	
REFERENCE:		2014/0242/DET	
APPLICANT:		Cairngorms National Park Authority	
DATE CALLED-IN:		II August 2014	
RECOMMENDAT	ION:	APPROVAL SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS	



BACKGROUND, SITE DESCRIPTION AND PROPOSAL

Background and Site Description

- 1. The Speyside Way is one of four official Long Distance Routes in Scotland. It was first opened in 1981 to run from Spey Bay to Ballindalloch, and was extended over the years to reach Aviemore in 2000. The 65 mile route now links the Moray coast with the edge of the Grampian Mountains, generally following the valley of the River Spey.
- 2. By way of background to this application, consideration has been given to these extensions since 2004, involving informal consultations with farmers, landowners, community councils, and accommodation providers. Public consultation was carried out in 2005 and 2007, resulting in a route being recommended to Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH) and thereafter to the Scottish Government, who approved the extended route in principle in 2009. As a result of further objections to the route, a Reporter was appointed to consider any outstanding concerns and they reaffirmed the approval. In June 2012, following consideration of a sustained objection, the Minister for the Environment confirmed a Path Order, under the Land Reform (Scotland) Act, which legally enforced the route across the Kinrara Estate. All that remains is for the details of the path and associated works to be considered through the planning process.
- 3. Four sections of the path under applications 2013/0373/DET (Allt Dibheach Bridge and path), 2013/0391/DET (Dalraddy), 2013/0392/DET (Kincraig shinty pitch) and 2013/0393/DET (North Kinrara) were approved at Planning Committee on 7 March 2014.
- 4. This application is one of three further proposals and will facilitate the extension of the path south of Aviemore. The other sections are reported as 2014/0240/DET and 2014/0241/DET on this Agenda.
- 5. This section of the proposed path is proposed to leave the tarmac pavement south of Aviemore and north of the B9152 and head south west along the north side of the road verge before crossing the road and using an existing section of an access track down to a railway underpass. Not until the track reaches a gate to an agricultural field do the path works resume. The new route then continues parallel and south west of the railway line before stopping at the end of the field. The proposed path finally joins onto an existing track where it links with a section of the Speyside Way path (approved under application 2013/0373/DET)
- 6. It is located with the Cairngorm Mountains National Scenic Area (NSA) and the I in 200 fluvial.

Development Proposal

7. The plans and documents submitted by the applicant and under consideration for this application are identified in the table below and are available on the Cairngorms National Park Authority website at:

http://www.eplanningcnpa.co.uk/online-applications/#searchApplications

Title	Drawing Number	Date on Plan	Date Received
Path – Construction		30 July 2014	
Method Statement –			
South Aviemore			
Supporting		Undated	
Statement			
Risk Assessment		10 March 2014	
General Ecological		15 July 2014	
Survey Report			
Check of Suspected			6 November 2014
Badger Holes			
Speyside Way		March 2010 (revised	
Proposal		June 2014)	
South Aviemore to			6 November 2014
Allt na Criche Burn –			
Site Map			
South Aviemore to		Undated	
Allt na Criche Burn –			
Works Map			
Roads Details			6 November 2014
(permit, traffic lights,			
French drain,			
bollards and signs			
including Works Map			
(Pedestrian			
Crossing)			
Compound Plan		28 October 2014	
Mitigation Statement			6 November 2014
for Removal of Trees			

- 8. The line and construction of the routes (A to B) alongside the B9152 and (C to D) alongside the south of the railway line has been designed to allow the path to be used for a range of non-motorised access including by foot, horse and cycle. The route has also been designed to provide functional off road access between communities for both visitors and residents.
- 9. The path is proposed to be 857m long and 2m in width. It is to be surfaced with quarry aggregate, graded and rolled to leave an even surface with a slightly raised camber to shed surface water. Path edges will be landscaped using turfs removed during constructions. To avoid issues of path material washing onto the road surface the path has been designed to have a 1:50 side camber to shed surface water away from the road. A ditch already exists at the top of the bank above the B9152 so there will be limited surface run-off towards the path. To protect the path surface further, the path and edges will

be raised approximately 100 - 200mm so that the surface run-off does not come onto the path. Where necessary, a top side ditch will be created to act as a soakaway.

- 10. The works also include the incorporation of ditches, rain channels, pipe culverts, a new stock fence and three field gates.
- 11. No trees are shown to be removed as part of this section of the path. However, a mitigation statement has been submitted which states that any trees removed are to be compensated for on a three for one basis where trees have a diameter at breast height (dbh) equal to or greater than 30cm and on a one for one basis where trees have a dbh less than 30cm. The replacement trees will be downy birch, silver birch, rowan and aspen of Scottish or Local Provenance 201. They will be 40 – 60cm tall, bare rooted or cell grown trees and will be hand planted at 3m apart in group or small groups. The trees will be protected by 1.2m tree stake and maintained with a Im diameter weed-free zone around each tree until fully established. In the event any tree fails, a replacement will be planted.
- 12. The General Ecological Survey Report states that the specific site has been surveyed for likely protected species including bats, badgers, pine marten, red squirrel, otter and water voles. It was also noted that some old trees adjacent to the route could provide bat roosting or bird nesting opportunities. It is concluded that no European Protected Species or other specially protected mammal or bird appears to be using the site surveyed so none should be affected by the proposals. Some existing old birch trees could provide bat roosting or bird nesting or bird nesting sites and these should be avoided. If this is not possible then a targeted survey to check for breeding birds (season dependent) and roosting bats should be undertaken prior to any work that may affect the trees being undertaken.
- 13. A further assessment of suspected badger holes was requested by CNPA Ecology Officer and submitted. The assessment was undertaken on 6 September 2014 and found no badger presence within 100m of the location. The paths and holes excavation as a result of rabbit (and fox) intervention.
- 14. A Roads Report was submitted on 6 November following negotiations with Highland Council. This outlines that (1) the contractor will apply for a road opening permit and apply for a traffic light permit. (2) The path edge is to be set 700mm away from an existing roadside French drain. (3) The proposed crossing point is to be highlighted by the installation of four suitable reflective bollards at agreed locations (two on each side of the path crossing point and on each side of the public road, and set 1.5m back from the road verge). (4) Four 'other danger ahead' signs are to be provided and to be located 200 yards and 100 yards in advance of the footpath crossing the B9152, and a Give Way sign to be provided on both crossing point footways for pedestrians crossing. (5) Thermo plastic rumble strips shall be provided at the four sign locations and also at 50 yards from the crossing point, the path crossing points shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements of the Roads and Transport Guidelines for New Developments (comprising bull-nose

kerbing and concrete edging kerbs), (6) staggered pedestrian guard rails and give way road marking shall be provided at both crossing point footways, (7) a 215m sight line looking each way from both sides of the B9152 shall be provided, and (8) tree felling/branch pruning shall be undertaken to facilitate the 2m path width and sight lines.

- 15. One compound is proposed alongside the estate track and parallel with the railway line. It will be fenced with temporary Herras fencing, which will be opened and closed for access/egress. Space will be provided for one dumper, a 13 tonne excavator and one secure container. Aggregate path materials will be delivered via dumper/tipper.
- 16. Route signing will follow CNP Design Guidance for Directional Path Signs. They will use the approved thistle logo and together with way markers will direct users along the route and to the nearest community.
- 17. CNPA will be responsible for the future maintenance of the path. As such, once complete the surface of the path (together with associated gates, bridges, fences, signs and other directly associated structures) will be the subject of regular route inspections and maintenance.

DEVELOPMENT PLAN CONTEXT

National policy

- 18. Scottish Planning Policy (SPP, revised 2014) sets out national planning policies that reflect Scottish Ministers priorities for the operation of the planning system and for the development and use of land. Under planning law, planning applications must be determined according to the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The content of SPP is a material consideration in planning decisions that carries significant weight. The SPP promotes consistency in the application of policy across Scotland while allowing sufficient flexibility to reflect local circumstances.
- 19. The SPP sits alongside four other Scottish Government planning policy documents:
 - (a) The **National Planning Framework (NPF)** which provides the statutory framework for Scotland's long term spatial development. The NPF sets out the Scottish Government's spatial development policies for the next 20 to 30 years;
 - (b) Creating Places, the policy statement on architecture and place containing the Scottish Government's policies and guidance on the importance of architecture and design;
 - (c) **Designing Streets**, a policy statement putting street design at the centre of placemaking. It contains policies and guidance on the design of new or existing streets and their construction, adoption and maintenance; and
 - (d) **Circulars**, which contain policy on the implementation of legislation or procedures.

Strategic Policies

Cairngorms National Park Partnership Plan (2012-2017)

- 20. The Plan sets out the vision and overarching strategy for managing the Park and provides focus and priorities. The vision is for 'An outstanding National Park, enjoyed and valued by everyone, where nature and people thrive together'. The Plan also provides a strategic context for the Local Development Plan and shows how the four aims of the Park can be achieved together. This is set out in three long term outcomes:
 - A sustainable economy supporting thriving businesses and communities
 - People enjoying the Park through outstanding visitor and learning experiences
 - A special place for people and nature with natural and cultural heritage enhanced
- 21. These outcomes address the interaction of the three main characteristics of the National Park, these being that the Park is an internationally important area for nature conservation; a fragile rural economy, and an internationally known tourism destination. Recognising the relationship of these outcomes is at the heart of the National Park.

Core Paths Plan

22. The Core Paths Plan sets out the core paths network for the Cairngorms National Park. The Plan is intended to help people to enjoy and understand the special qualities of the Park by identifying a network of paths which offer a wide range of high quality outdoor access opportunities.

Local Plan Policy

Cairngorms National Park Local Plan (2010)

- 23. The Cairngorms National Park Local Plan was formally adopted on 29th October 2010. The full text can be found at : <u>http://www.cairngorms.co.uk/parkauthority/publications/results.php?publica</u>
- 24. The Local Plan contains a range of policies dealing with particular interests or types of development. These provide detailed guidance on the best places for development and the best ways to develop. The policies follow the three key themes of the Park Plan to provide a detailed policy framework for planning decisions:
 - Chapter 3 Conserving and Enhancing the Park;
 - Chapter 4 Living and Working in the Park;
 - Chapter 5 Enjoying and Understanding the Park.

- 25. Policies are not cross referenced and applicants are expected to ensure that proposals comply with all policies that are relevant. The site-specific proposals of the Local Plan are provided on a settlement by settlement basis in Chapter 6. These proposals, when combined with other policies, are intended to meet the sustainable development needs of the Park for the Local Plan's lifetime. The following paragraphs list a range of policies that are appropriate to consider in the assessment of the current development proposal.
- 26. <u>Policy 2- National Natural Heritage Designations</u> This policy seeks to protect the Cairngorms National Park and National Scenic Area from development that would adversely affect them.
- 27. <u>Policy 4 Protected Species</u> This policy seeks to protect European Protected Species from development that would adversely affect them.
- 28. <u>Policy 6 Landscape</u> This policy states that there will be a presumption against any development that does not complement and enhance the landscape character of the Cairngorms National Park, and in particular the setting of the proposed development, layout, scale, design and construction to the satisfaction of the planning authority
- 29. <u>Policy 16 Design Standards for Development</u> This policy seeks to ensure that the design of all development is sustainable and is in accordance with the Sustainable Design Guide.
- 30. <u>Policy 29 Integrated and Sustainable Transport Network</u> This policy seeks to ensure that development proposals give adequate consideration to maintaining or improving the sustainable transport network.
- 31. <u>Policy 33 Tourism-Related Development</u> This policy supports development which has a beneficial impact on the local economy through enhancement of the range and quality of tourism attractions and related infrastructure, providing the development will not have an adverse impact on the landscape, built and historic environment, or the biodiversity, or the geodiversity, or the culture and traditions of the Cairngorms National Park.
- 32. <u>Policy 34 Outdoor Access</u> This policy states that development which improves opportunities for responsible outdoor access will be encouraged.
- 33. <u>Policy 35 Sport and Recreation Facilities</u> This policy states that development which involves provision or enhancement of recreational facilities will be supported, where they demonstrate best practice in terms of sustainable design and future maintenance, where there are no adverse environmental impacts on the site or neighbouring areas, and where they will meet an identified community or visitor need.

Supplementary Planning Guidance

Sustainable Design Guide

34. The Sustainable Design Guide supports Policy 16 (Design Standards for Development) and sets out principles for good sustainable design, with reference to use of appropriate materials and traditional skills, minimising the environmental impact of development within the natural environment.

Natural Heritage

35. This guidance sets out principles to be used to assess planning applications relating to development which may impact upon the natural heritage in the National Park.

Proposed Cairngorms National Park Local Plan (Proposed LDP)

- 36. The CNPA Planning Committee approved post-examination modifications to the Proposed LDP on 21 November 2014. The CNPA has published notice of its intention to adopt the Plan and expects to adopt in February 2015. The Proposed LDP as modified is a material consideration and carries significant weight in planning decisions though it does not replace the adopted Local Plan until it is formally adopted.
- 37. Policies 2:2 (Supporting Economic Growth Tourism and Leisure Development), 3 (Sustainable Design), 4 (Natural Heritage), 5 (Landscape) and 8 (Sport and Recreation) have been identified as being relevant to the assessment of this proposal. These policies have been checked and they raise no new issues that are not already considered in this report.

CONSULTATIONS

- 38. **Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH)** advises that the site lies outwith any designated site and therefore have no comments to make.
- 39. **SEPA** have made reference to Appendix 2 of their Standing advice for Small Scale Development, given the lower risk category of this development.
- 40. **Network Rail** originally advised that they have concerns regarding the possible impact of the proposed path relating to (a) ensuring that appropriate measures are applied to dissuade people from using private level crossings along this section of the Speyside Way or crossing of the line generally as a result of the detailed design of the path, and (b) the absence of details about the measures which might be appropriately applied to the path to prevent or deter inappropriate use of the operational railway corridor. They therefore object unless safeguards can be secured by conditions being attached to this consent as follows:

- i. A risk assessment for this section of the path and provide any mitigation measures, such as fencing and signage to reduce the risk of trespass on the railway, if required; and
- ii. No promotion of the route by the CNPA, the COAT or Highland Council until the footpath, and all associated infrastructure has been provided.

Furthermore, as the only access to the site for construction is either under or over the railway, Network Rail must approve the site works proposals.

Subsequently, a Risk Assessment has been submitted by the applicant and this has been considered by Network Rail to meet the above requirements in (a).

- 41. Aviemore and Vicinity Community Council raise concerns regarding the road safety aspects of this application, with specific reference to the 60mph speed limit and lack of lighting on the B9152, and that the crossing is on a corner. Recommend that lighting, multiple pedestrian warning signs, rumble strips and half barriers should be a minimum requirement. It is essential that the motorist is fully aware of the crossing and that pedestrian users are fully aware of the potential speeds on the road. Request that a representative be allowed to address the Planning Committee in view of the above.
- 42. **Highland Council Flood Team** advises that as this is for a proposed footpath they do not need to be consulted on this specific application.
- 43. Highland Council Roads Officer advises that there are concerns regarding the section of path immediately alongside the B9152 public road and associated road crossing point. Reference is made to relatively high vehicle speeds and the safety of road and path users. Requested additional information relating to the offset distances between the proposed path and nearside carriageway edge of the B9152 at 20m intervals over the affected length of the path; details of measures to be provided at the proposed road crossing point including barriers, signage, road markings and bollards; details of the visibility splays; and details of the proposed works access to the site.

Further to this consultation response, a Road Report was submitted to cover the above details. The Roads Officer has assessed this information and advised that subject to amended details of the signage and confirmation that the visibility will comply following tree/vegetation works. He further advises that notwithstanding these comments the proposals are generally acceptable.

44. **CNPA Ecology Officer** advises that the development would have a minor impact on ecology but has the potential to be addressed by appropriate mitigation measures. Informatives, if necessary, relating to protection of bat roosts or bird breeding within the old birch trees, and badgers, are suggested. Conditions relating to compensatory tree planting in the event any trees are removed, protection of trees from construction and compaction, and locations of machinery and material storage. A request for further investigations into a possible badger sett is made.

- 45. **CNPA Landscape Officer** advises that the proposed path is low key and built structures appropriate to the site. Neither will have any significant adverse effects on landscape character, or the special landscape qualities of the area. The construction of the Speyside Way extension will allow more people to access and appreciate the special landscape qualities of the National Park.
- 46. **CNPA Outdoor Access Officer** concludes that the path would have a significantly positive impact upon outdoor access. The path exceeds the accessibility standards advocated by the Fieldfare Trust for paths in a rural and working landscape sufficient width for passing, correct surface stone size and accessible gate. Furthermore the design fits well with the Cycling by Design requirements for off road cycle paths a desirable minimum of 2m for traffic flows up to 150 cycles per hour.

REPRESENTATIONS

47. None

APPRAISAL

- 48. The application stands to be determined against the Development Plan policies unless there are material considerations which would indicate otherwise.
- 49. However, it should be re-iterated that in considering this application, the principle of the path and its route has already been agreed, following consideration of the objections, by the Scottish Government through the issue of a Path Order. The planning application is therefore submitted to consider the details of this Path, in terms of its construction, design and associated works.
- 50. The submissions made have demonstrated that the proposed development would have no adverse impact upon any European Protected Species and accord with Policy 4 (Protected Species) and would have no impact upon any designations protected by Policy 2 (National Natural Heritage Designations). Conditions are recommended to ensure their protection both during and after construction.
- 51. It has been demonstrated above that the proposed development would comply with and Policy 6 (Landscape), since the design and location of the footpaths, together with associated works, complement and enhance the landscape and character of the National Park.
- 52. The proposals incorporate good sustainable design principles and therefore comply with Policy 16 (Design Standards for Development).
- 53. The proposals have been fully assessed by Highland Council, as Roads Authority, and concluded that the path extension is generally acceptable. The

applicant in response to the final comments from the Roads Authority has confirmed that permission has been granted for the tree/vegetation works and therefore the sight lines will meet the 215m sight line requirement. As such the proposals comply with Policy 29 (Integrated and Sustainable Transport Network). A condition is recommended to ensure compliance with the Road's Report (with the clarification regarding the signage sought by the Road's Authority)

- 54. The extension of this path network will enhance tourism within the Park and therefore fully comply with Policy 33 (Tourism- Related Development).
- 55. It has been demonstrated above that the proposals fully comply with Policy 34 (Outdoor Access). The proposals provide for enhanced access to the Cairngorms landscape for those on foot and bicycles.
- 56. The proposals promote enhanced informal recreational facilities in the National Park and therefore comply with Policy 35 (Sport and Recreation Facilities).
- 57. The proposals have also been assessed by Network Rail following the submission of a Risk Assessment and found to be acceptable for the purposes of public safety subject to the imposition of a condition relating to promotion of the route and an informative advising of the need to comply with the terms of the Assessment.
- 58. The Proposed LDP (as modified) addresses the above issues through Policies 2:2 (Supporting Economic Growth Tourism and Leisure Development), 3 (Sustainable Design), 4 (Natural Heritage), 5 (Landscape), 8 (Sport and Recreation), There is no significant difference between the policy intention or tests in the adopted Local Plan and Proposed LDP so the proposal also complies to meet the policy tests of the Proposed LDP (as modified)

CONCLUSION

59. The extension of the Speyside Way, of which this proposal forms part, is sustainably designed and complements the landscape character of the National Park, whilst providing for an accessible and enhanced path network, increasing opportunities for physical activity. The path and associated works will contribute towards conserving and enhancing the special qualities of the National Park.

IMPLICATIONS FOR THE AIMS OF THE NATIONAL PARK

Conserve and Enhance the Natural and Cultural Heritage of the Area

60. The construction of an extended section of the Speyside Way will enhance the natural and cultural heritage of the area by opening access to users of the Park for their greater understanding of its natural and cultural heritage.

Promote Sustainable Use of Natural Resources

61. The path and associated works is to use local materials and re-use materials on site, thereby promoting the sustainable use of natural resources.

Promote Understanding and Enjoyment of the Area

62. The proposals will allow improved access within the National Park, linking to existing paths (Badenoch Way and National Cycle Route 7) and allowing more people to understand the Park's special qualities and enjoy the outdoors.

Promote Sustainable Economic and Social Development of the Area

63. The proposals allow improved access to local facilities and services for locals and visitors.

RECOMMENDATION

That Members of the Committee support a recommendation to GRANT FULL PLANNING PERMISSION to construct a new aggregate path 857m long and 2m width south west of Aviemore as part of the Speyside Way extension subject to the following conditions:

I Footpath design and construction must allow space around existing trees to prevent damage to roots through path construction and compaction. A buffer zone must be provided to prevent damage to tree roots, in accordance with British Standards 5837:2012.

Reason: To ensure the protection of trees during and after construction.

2 There shall be no promotion of the route by Cairngorms National Park Authority, COAT or Highland Council until the path, and all associated infrastructure has been provided.

Reason: The informative devises, i.e. signs etc need to be installed prior to the opening of the path as ill-informed users may assume private crossings meet 'public' use standards and attempt to use these, or any other part of the railway corridor

3 The proposals shall be implemented in full accordance with the Roads Report, hereby approved, and for clarification (a) sightlines of 215m looking each way from both sides of the B9152 road and on the outside bend (or south side of the road) shall be maintained, and (b) on each approach, the advance warning signs shall be located on both sides of the road at 200 yards and 100 yards in advance of the crossing. (i.e. four warning signs will be required on each approach) and a sign height of 900mm will be sufficient for each warning sign and sub plates shall be sized accordingly.

Reason: In the interests of road safety.

4. Should any trees be removed to facilitate the development hereby approved, tree replacement shall be provided in full accordance with the Mitigation Statement for Removal of Trees.

Reason: In the interests of amenity.

Informatives:

- In accordance with section 58(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (as amended), this permission lapses on the expiration of a period of 3 years beginning with the date on which this permission is granted unless the development to which this permission relates is begun before that expiration.
- 2. It is recommended that construction work (including the loading/unloading of delivery vehicles, plant or other machinery) should not take place outwith the hours of 0800 hours to 1900 hours, Monday to Fridays, 0800 hours to 1300 hours on Saturdays or at any time on Sundays or Bank Holidays in order to minimise any disturbance caused during construction.
- 3. You are advised to acquire an appropriate permit from Highland Council, as Roads Authority, prior to the commencement of any works within or alongside a public road.
- 4. You are advised of the need to fully comply with the terms of the Risk Assessment hereby approved and the need for regular review with Network Rail.
- 5. You are advised to acquire an appropriate permission from Network Rail, prior to the commencement of any site works in order to ensure that the safety and integrity of the railway is maintained throughout construction and that access rights are taken into account.
- 6. You are advised to ensure that all works are carried out in strict accordance with the Construction Method Statement to safeguard against pollution control.

7. You are advised that the old birch trees present on the roadside section could provide bat roosts or bird breeding sites and should therefore be avoided. If this is not possible then a preconstruction check for breeding birds (April – July) or roosting bats should be undertaken.

8. You are advised that pruning to allow machinery access must be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (April – July)

Jane Shepherd <u>planning@cairngorms.co.uk</u> Date: 8 December 2014

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